

# TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE HORMONE HEALTH



#### ACROSS

- When the pituitary gland doesn't make enough of certain hormones, you may have \_\_\_\_\_\_ (also called pituitary insufficiency).
- **10.** Kidneys produce this hormone to stimulate production and maintenance of red blood cells.
- **11.** This autoimmune condition can occur at any age with any gender, and is the most common cause of hyperthyroidism.
- **12.** The part of the brain that produces gonadotropin during puberty.
- **15.** The fats in the blood that are an important source of energy.
- **16.** The largest endocrine-related organ system in the body.
- Physical and mental change that result in having too much cortisol in the blood for a long period of time is known as \_\_\_\_\_\_.

#### DOWN

- 1. Too much production of growth hormone in the blood can lead to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. Surgery that can limit how much calories and nutrients the body can absorb.
- **3.** A steroid hormone produced in the adrenal glands that is linked to stress.
- **4.** An enlarged thyroid gland, most common in women often showing no symptoms.
- Substances in the environment, food, and personal care products that can interfere with normal function of the endocrine system.
- **6.** A common disease resulting from the body's inability to use blood glucose for energy.
- The most common type of cancer among men that grows very slowly, requiring regular surveillance.
- 8. This gender is most commonly diagnosed with osteoporosis?
- A common hormonal disorder affecting 7-10% of women during reproductive age.
- 14. This rare disease prevents the body from breaking down fats and is typically a genetic disorder passed down from parents.
- **18.** An excessive growth of "male" pattern hair on a woman's body.
- 19. This hormone stimulates the release of gastric acid, which breaks down the proteins in the food you eat.
- **20.** A hormone that promotes feminine physical changes in transgender patients.





# PATIENTS HAVE QUESTIONS. WE HAVE ANSWERS.



Our mission is to positively impact the health and well-being of patients and the public by translating the science of endocrinology. All of our education is developed and reviewed by Society member clinicians and clinical researchers.

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We are committed to helping patients have more informed discussions, moving them from educated to engaged partners in their healthcare.



## ACROSS

- 9. Hypopituitarism
- 10. Erythropoietin
- 11. Graves' Disease
- 12. Hypothalamus
- 15. Triglycerides
- 16. Digestive Tract
- 17. Cushing Syndrome

### DOWN

- 1. Acromegaly
- 2. Bariatric
- 3. Cortisol
- 4. Goiter
- 5. EDCs
- 6. Diabetes Mellitus
- Prostate
  Women
- 13. PCOS
- 14. FCS
- 18. Hirsutism
- 19. Gastrin
- 20. Estradiol



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